Name:	Date:	Period:	
_ , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	= *****	= ========	_

Unit 2 Review

What you must know how to do for the exam:

- Find the domain, range, intercepts, maximum, minimum, end behavior, asymptote, axis of symmetry of any function.
- Calculate the average rate of change on any interval.
- Identify the parent function given the graph.
- Find the square root of a negative number. (Unit 1)
- Evaluate a function a given value of x or y.
- Add, subtract, multiply and divide functions.
- Perform a composition of functions.
- Find the inverse of a function.
- Multiply complex numbers. (Unit 1)
- Solve an equation. (Unit 1)
- Simplify a radical or exponential expression. (Unit 1)

Directions: Work the problems out in the space provided. Be sure to understand how to do **every problem** in this packet and make notes on your review sheet for things to remember.

For Questions 1-3, find the characteristics requested of the graphs below:

1.	2.	3.		
a) Domain: b) Axis of symm: c) Maximum value: d) End Behavior: e) Average Rate of Change on the interval [-3, 0]	a) Range: b) Asymptote: c) x-intercept: d) y-intercept: e) Average Rate of Change on the interval [1, 3]	a) Range: b) Axis of symm: c) x-intercept: d) Minimum value: e) End Behavior:		

4. Fill in the table with the transformations for each parameter, a, h, or k:

a	h	k
a is negative:	x + h:	+ k:
	x – h:	- k:
a > 1:		
a < 1:		

For Questions 5-8, describe the transformations that map the parent function, f(x), to the transformed function, g(x).

$$5. \\ f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

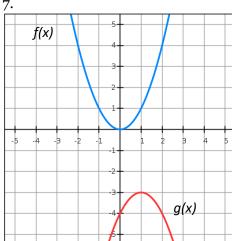
$$g(x) = -3\sqrt{x-5}$$

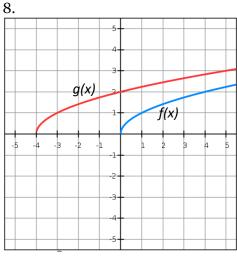
$$f(x) = x^3$$

6.

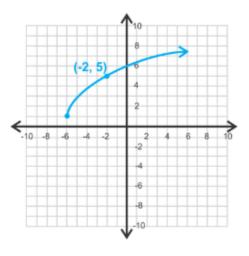
$$f(x) = x^3$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^3 - 2$$

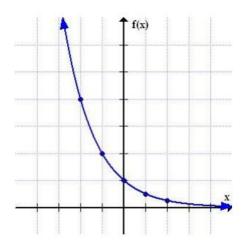




For Questions 9-10, give the name of the parent function graphed below.



10. _



For (Questions 11-18,	find the or	nerations i	indicated S	Simplify	all evi	nressions	lice the fol	lowing	functions
T OT \checkmark	zucstions ii io,	illia tiic o	peranons	maicaica. L	mipmy	an cap	pi coolollo.	OSC LITE TO	ownis	iunctions.

$$f(x) = -x + 2$$

$$g(x) = 5x^2$$

$$h(x) = \frac{8}{x}$$

$$h(x) = \frac{8}{x} \qquad p(x) = x^2 + 4x$$

11. $(g + p)(x)$	12. $p(x) - f(x)$	13. $(g \cdot h)(x)$	14. $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$
15. $(f-h)(2)$	16. $g(-1) \cdot f(-1)$	17. $\frac{p(1)}{f(1)}$	18. $g(3) + p(3)$

For Questions 19-22, find the compositions indicated. Use the following functions:

$$f(x) = -2x^2$$

$$g(x) = x + 5$$

$$h(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

19. $g(f(x))$	20. $g(h(9))$
21. $(f \circ g)(x)$	22. $(h \circ g)(20)$

For Questions 23-26, find the inverse of the function given below.

$23. \ f(x) = 6x - 1$	24. $f(x) = \frac{x+5}{3}$

25. $f(x)$	$=\frac{1}{}$	- 3
_5.) (2.)	<i>x</i> +6	Ū

26. $f(x) = 7 + x^2$

Questions 27-31 are Unit 1 Review questions.

27. Multiply
$$(5 - 2i)(-3 + i)$$

28. Solve for x:
$$9 - 3x = 2(4 + 5x)$$

29. Simplify.
$$(2x^2y)^3$$

30. Simplify.
$$\sqrt{-32}$$

31. Simplify.
$$\sqrt{24xy^4}$$

For Questions 32-33, use the function, f(x) = 5x + 9

32. Find
$$f(-4)$$

33. Find the value of x when f(x) = 36.