Name:	Date:	Period:
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7.3 Identifying Characteristics of Rational Functions Practice

3 Types of Rational Functions

Type 1: Bottom Heavy (BH) – The degree on bottom is larger than the degree on top.

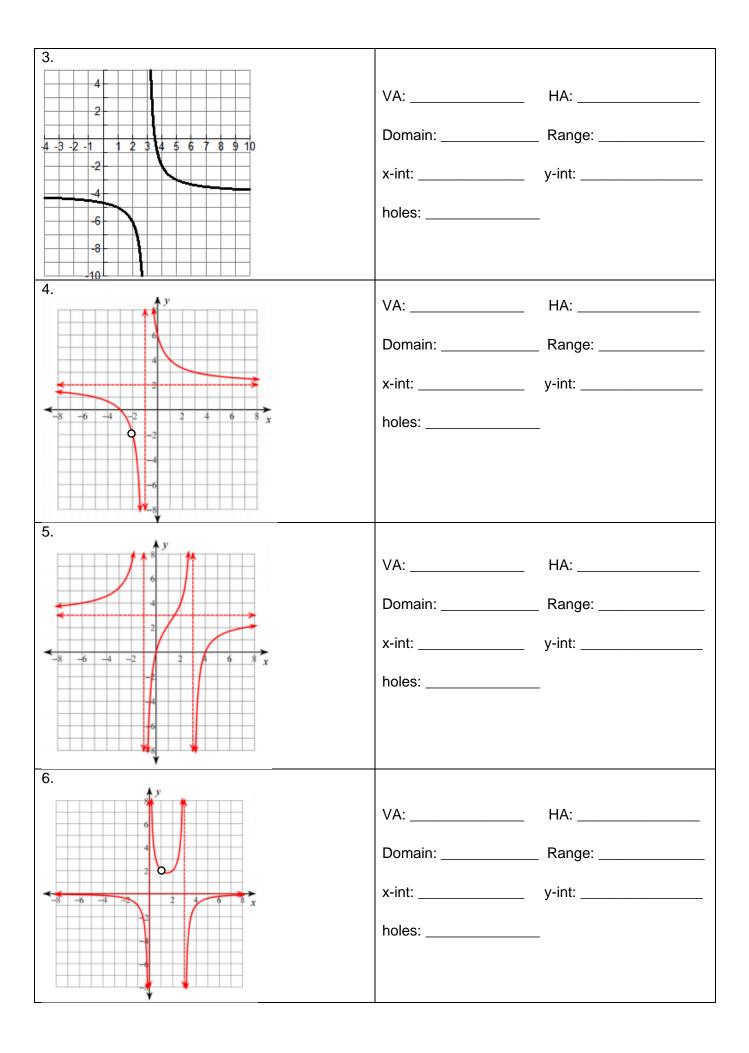
Type 2: Powers Equal (PE) – The degree on bottom is equal to the degree on top.

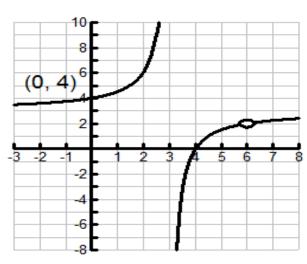
Type 3: Top Heavy (TH) – The degree on top is larger than the degree on bottom.

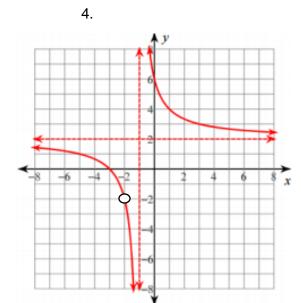
Vertical Asymptote(s): when every factor that includes a variable in the denominator is set equal to zero (after being simplified).	Domain: is the set of all real numbers except any excluded values from the vertical asymptote(s) and holes.
Horizontal Asymptote: For BH: y = 0 For PE: Leading Numerator Coefficient Leading Denominator Coefficient	Range: is the set of all real numbers except any excluded values from the horizontal asymptote.
For TH: no horizontal asymptote	
Holes:	Intercepts:
only exists when a factor that includes a variable cancels top and bottom. Holes are points so they are written as an ordered pair (x, y).	x-intercept: set remaining factors in the numerator equal to zero. (If you can't, there are no x-intercepts).
**Find the y-coordinate by plugging in the x-coordinate into the simplified fraction.	y-intercept: substitute $x = 0$ into the simplified rational function.

Identify the characteristics of each rational function by looking at the graph on the left.

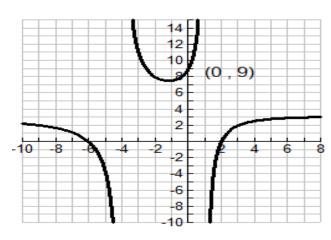
	VA:	HA:
(0, 4) ⁶	Domain:	Range:
2	x-int:	y-int:
-3 -2 -1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	holes:	
-4 -6 -8		
2.	VA:	HA:
	Domain:	Range:
	x-int:	y-int:
-10 -8 -6 -4 -2 -2 -2 4 6 8	holes:	

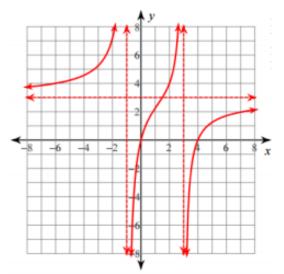




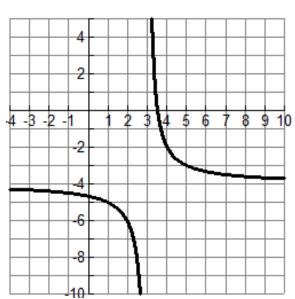


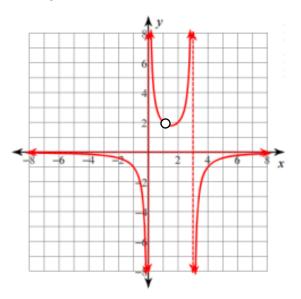
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6.

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