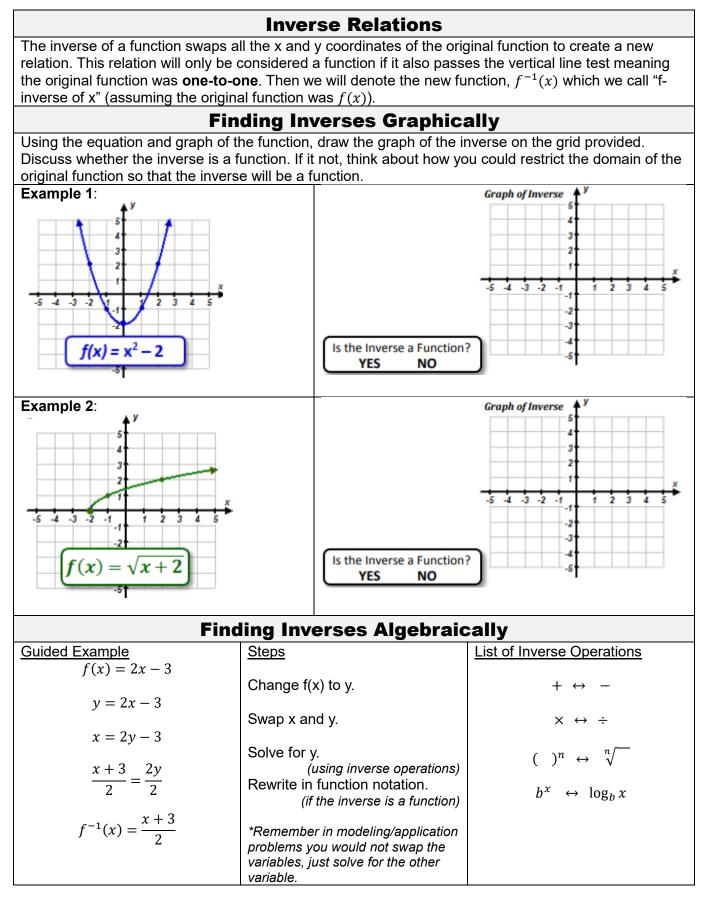
Inverses of Functions Continued



		nd the in e inverse			$-3 + x^3$.		-	: Find the inverse of if the inverse is a fu	
			F	indin	g Inver	ses	from	Tables	
					e, swap the	x an	d y coordi	nates.	
					ow for the				
function, $f(x)$, find a partial table for the inverse									
functior	$f^{-1}(x)$). Then	find f^{-1}	(4).					
x	0	1	2	3	4				
~									

Finally, if you want to know if two functions are inverses of each other, you can graph them both and check to see if they are reflections of each other in the line y = x, or you can prove they are inverses using **compositions**.

Verifying Inverses Using Compositions

Two functions, f(x) and g(x), are inverses of each other if f(g(x)) = g(f(x)) = x. This means that you must be able to compose the functions in both directions and each time, the result is x; conceptually this means that all the operation(s) of one function *undoes* the operation(s) of the other function.

Example 6 : Verify the functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are inverses of each other using compositions.	Example 7 : Explain why $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are not inverses of each other.		
$f(x) = 2x^3 - 1$ $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{\frac{x+1}{2}}$	$f(x) = \frac{x}{2} - 3$ $g(x) = 2x + 3$		